Introduced by Senator Leno

June 8, 2009

Senate Joint Resolution No. 14—Relative to medical marijuana.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SJR 14, as introduced, Leno. Medical marijuana.

This measure would urge the President and Congress of the United States to take specified actions relating to the use of marijuana for medical purposes.

Fiscal committee: no.

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WHEREAS, In 1996, California voters approved Proposition 215, the Compassionate Use Act, to exempt patients and caregivers from certain criminal penalties when they possess or cultivate marijuana for medical use to treat the symptoms of HIV/AIDS, cancer, multiple sclerosis, chronic pain, and other serious conditions, as recommended by a physician; and

WHEREAS, The California State Legislature subsequently enacted the Medical Marijuana Program to further the will of the voters by facilitating the registration of qualified patients and their caregivers through a statewide identification system whereby a patient with an identification card and the patient's designated primary caregiver are exempt from arrest for possession, transportation, delivery, or cultivation of marijuana for medical use; and

WHEREAS, In enacting the Medical Marijuana Program, the California State Legislature expressly stated its intent to enhance the access of patients and caregivers to medical marijuana through collective, cooperative cultivation projects, and to address

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additional issues that were not included in the Compassionate Use
Act and that needed to be addressed to promote the fair and orderly
implementation of that act; and

WHEREAS, Most of California's legal patients cannot or will not cultivate their own medicinal marijuana, but rely instead on hundreds of lawful medical marijuana dispensing collectives and cooperatives for safe and reliable access to their medicine; and

WHEREAS, Dozens of cities and counties have adopted regulations for medical marijuana collectives and cooperatives, which has served to reduce crime and complaints associated with those organizations; and

WHEREAS, As affirmed by the California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, in the matter of People v. Urziceanu (2005) 132 Cal.App.4th 747, the Compassionate Use Act contemplates the formation and operation of medical marijuana cooperatives that would receive reimbursement for marijuana and the services provided in conjunction with the provision of that medical marijuana; and

WHEREAS, The United States Supreme Court refused to review the California Court of Appeals decision in City of Garden Grove v. Superior Court of Orange County (2008) 157 Cal.App.4th 355, that required local law enforcement to uphold state law regardless of federal law; and

WHEREAS, The California Supreme Court refused to review the California Court of Appeals decision in County of San Diego v. San Diego NORML 2007 165 Cal.App.4th 798, that required local governments in California to implement state law regardless of federal law; and

WHEREAS, The California Attorney General joined the voters, lawmakers, and courts in promoting full implementation of state law by publishing guidelines for medical cannabis in August 2008, which instructed law enforcement, qualified patients, primary caregivers, and collectives and cooperatives as to their rights and responsibilities under the law; and

WHEREAS, The United States Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) has conducted raids and shut down dozens of medical marijuana dispensaries and collectives in California since 2005; and

WHEREAS, The DEA continually interferes with medical marijuana patients and providers by raiding marijuana gardens and

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patients' associations and by intimidating property owners who rent to lawful patients' association with threats of prosecution and asset forfeiture; and

WHEREAS, The United States Attorney's Office continues to prosecute medical marijuana defendants in federal court, where they are denied the benefit of an affirmative defense and not allowed to tell the jury about California's medical marijuana laws; and

WHEREAS, The federal government continues to classify all forms of cannabis as Schedule I drugs under the federal Controlled Substances Act and therefore does not recognize medical marijuana; and

WHEREAS, The Office of National Drug Control Policy and the United States Department of Health and Human Services continue to deny the scientific evidence showing the medical benefits of marijuana, despite the affirmative findings and policy recommendations favoring medical marijuana research and therapeutic use in the 1999 Institute of Medicine Report on medical marijuana; and

WHEREAS, Historic practice and scientific research have demonstrated medical marijuana alone or in combination with other drugs is an effective treatment for many medical conditions, including, but not limited to, nausea reduction for patients with cancer and acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS); increasing the appetite of patients with nausea or other conditions causing dangerous weight loss; reducing intraocular pressure in patients with glaucoma; and controlling muscle spasms, seizures, and chronic muscular pain; and

WHEREAS, A bipartisan group of 16 members of Congress sent a letter to United States Attorney General Eric Holder in February 2009 asking him to reverse the previous Administration's decision to deny a permit to cultivate medical marijuana for research by University of Massachusetts researcher Lyle Craker, despite the fact that DEA Administrative Law Judge Mary Ellen Bittner ruled Craker's petition was "in the public interest" and called on the agency to license him; and

WHEREAS, In response to DEA raids at patients' associations in California in January of 2009, White House Spokesman Nick Shapiro reiterated President Obama's campaign position that using federal resources to circumvent state law is wasteful; and

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WHEREAS, United States Attorney General Eric Holder said on March 18, 2009, that ending raids on medical marijuana facilities is the "new American policy;" now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and the Assembly of the State of California, jointly, That the Legislature respectfully memorializes the President of the United States and the Congress to move quickly to end federal raids, intimidation, and interference with state medical marijuana law; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature respectfully memorializes the President of the United States and the Congress take any necessary measures to permit an affirmative defense to medical marijuana charges in federal court and establish federal legal protection for individuals authorized by state and local law to use or provide marijuana for therapeutic use; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature respectfully memorializes the President of the United States and the Congress to adopt policies and laws to encourage advanced clinical research trials into the therapeutic use of marijuana, which meet accepted scientific standards; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature respectfully memorializes the President of the United States and the Congress to create a comprehensive federal medical marijuana policy that ensures safe and legal access to any patient that would benefit from it; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each Senator and Representative from California in the Congress of the United States.